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Welcome to STN International
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                  Web Page URLs for STN Seminar Schedule - N. America
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NEWS
         Apr 08
NEWS
      3
         Jun 03
                  New e-mail delivery for search results now available
NEWS
         Aug 08
                  PHARMAMarketLetter(PHARMAML) - new on STN
NEWS
     5
         Aug 19
                  Aquatic Toxicity Information Retrieval (AQUIRE)
                  now available on STN
NEWS
         Aug 26
                  Sequence searching in REGISTRY enhanced
NEWS
         Sep 03
                  JAPIO has been reloaded and enhanced
NEWS
         Sep 16
                  Experimental properties added to the REGISTRY file
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         Sep 16
                  CA Section Thesaurus available in CAPLUS and CA
NEWS 10
         Oct 01
                  CASREACT Enriched with Reactions from 1907 to 1985
NEWS 11
         Oct 24
                  BEILSTEIN adds new search fields
NEWS 12
         Oct 24
                  Nutraceuticals International (NUTRACEUT) now available on
STN
NEWS 13
         Nov 18
                  DKILIT has been renamed APOLLIT
NEWS 14
         Nov 25
                  More calculated properties added to REGISTRY
NEWS 15
         Dec 04
                  CSA files on STN
NEWS 16 Dec 17
                  PCTFULL now covers WP/PCT Applications from 1978 to date
NEWS 17
         Dec 17
                  TOXCENTER enhanced with additional content
NEWS 18
         Dec 17
                  Adis Clinical Trials Insight now available on STN
NEWS 19
         Jan 29
                  Simultaneous left and right truncation added to COMPENDEX,
                  ENERGY, INSPEC
                  CANCERLIT is no longer being updated
NEWS 20
         Feb 13
NEWS 21
         Feb 24
                 METADEX enhancements
NEWS 22
                 PCTGEN now available on STN
         Feb 24
NEWS 23
         Feb 24
                 TEMA now available on STN
                 NTIS now allows simultaneous left and right truncation
NEWS 24 Feb 26
NEWS 25 Feb 26 PCTFULL now contains images
                 SDI PACKAGE for monthly delivery of multifile SDI results
NEWS 26 Mar 04
NEWS 27
         Mar 19
                 APOLLIT offering free connect time in April 2003
NEWS 28 Mar 20
                 EVENTLINE will be removed from STN
NEWS 29
         Mar 24
                 PATDPAFULL now available on STN
NEWS 30
         Mar 24
                 Additional information for trade-named substances without
                  structures available in REGISTRY
NEWS 31
         Mar 24
                  Indexing from 1957 to 1966 added to records in CA/CAPLUS
NEWS 32
         Apr 11
                 Display formats in DGENE enhanced
              April 4 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V6.01a, CURRENT
NEWS EXPRESS
              MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0b(ENG) AND V6.0Jb(JP),
              AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 01 APRIL 2003
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              CAS World Wide Web Site (general information)
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Enter NEWS followed by the item number or name to see news on that

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 11 Apr 2003 VOL 138 ISS 16 FILE LAST UPDATED: 10 Apr 2003 (20030410/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

OLCOOL HUMAN

256907 "RNA"

("RNA" OR "RNAS")

834640 "DEPENDENT"

231 "DEPENDENTS"

834799 "DEPENDENT"

("DEPENDENT" OR "DEPENDENTS")

253512 "RNA"

19740 "RNAS"

256907 "RNA"

("RNA" OR "RNAS")

132531 "POLYMERASE"

8097 "POLYMERASES"

133725 "POLYMERASE"

("POLYMERASE" OR "POLYMERASES")

```
L1
           1912 "RNA DEPENDENT RNA POLYMERASE"
                   ("RNA"(W) "DEPENDENT"(W) "RNA"(W) "POLYMERASE")
=> "luceferase" (1) L1
              2 "LUCEFERASE"
              0 "LUCEFERASE" (L) L1
L2
=> "reporter gene assay" (1) L1
          32091 "REPORTER"
           1033 "REPORTERS"
          32650 "REPORTER"
                   ("REPORTER" OR "REPORTERS")
        766236 "GENE"
         288868 "GENES"
         810746 "GENE"
                   ("GENE" OR "GENES")
        279065 "ASSAY"
        119038 "ASSAYS"
        364508 "ASSAY"
                   ("ASSAY" OR "ASSAYS")
            947 "REPORTER GENE ASSAY"
                   ("REPORTER" (W) "GENE" (W) "ASSAY")
L3
              0 "REPORTER GENE ASSAY" (L) L1
=> "marker gene" (1) L1
         92305 "MARKER"
         79755 "MARKERS"
        145615 "MARKER"
                  ("MARKER" OR "MARKERS")
        766236 "GENE"
        288868 "GENES"
        810746 "GENE"
                  ("GENE" OR "GENES")
         3731 "MARKER GENE"
                  ("MARKER"(W) "GENE")
T.4
              1 "MARKER GENE" (L) L1
=> DIS L4 1 IBIB ABS
THE ESTIMATED COST FOR THIS REQUEST IS 2.42 U.S. DOLLARS
DO YOU WANT TO CONTINUE WITH THIS REQUEST? (Y) / N:Y
     ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                           2003:224187 CAPLUS
TITLE:
                           RNA interference is required for normal centromere
                           function in fission yeast
AUTHOR(S):
                           Volpe, Tom; Schramke, Vera; Hamilton, Georgina L.;
                          White, Sharon A.; Teng, Grace; Martienssen, Robert
A.;
                          Allshire, Robin C.
CORPORATE SOURCE:
                          Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, Bungtown Road, NY,
                           11724, USA
SOURCE:
                          Chromosome Research (2003), 11(2), 137-146
                          CODEN: CRRSEE; ISSN: 0967-3849
PUBLISHER:
                          Kluwer Academic Publishers
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                          Journal
LANGUAGE:
                          English
     In plants, animals and fungi, active centromeres are assocd. with arrays of repetitive DNA sequences. The outer repeats at fission yeast
     (Schizosaccharomyces pombe) centromeres are heterochromatic and are
     required for the assembly of an active centromere. Components of the RNA
```

interference (RNAi) machinery process transcripts derived from these repeats and mediate the formation of silent chromatin. A subfragment of the repeat (dg) is known to induce silencing of marker genes at euchromatic sites and is required for centromere formation. We show that the RNAi components, Argonaute (Agol), Dicer (Dcrl) and RNA-dependent RNA polymerase (Rdpl), are required to maintain silencing, lysine 9 methylation of histone H3 and assocn. of Swi6 via this dg ectopic silencer. Deletion of Agol, Dcrl or Rdpl disrupts chromosome segregation leading to a high incidence of lagging chromosomes on late anaphase spindles and sensitivity to a microtubule poison. Anal. of dg transcription indicates that csp mutants, previously shown to abrogate centromere silencing and chromosome segregation, are also defective in

the

regulation of non-coding centromeric RNAs. In addn., histone H3 lysine 9 methylation at, and recruitment of Swi6 and cohesin to, centromeric repeats is disrupted in these mutants. Thus the formation of silent chromatin on dg repeats and the development of a fully functional centromere is dependent on RNAi.

```
=> assay (s) L1
        279065 ASSAY
        119038 ASSAYS
        364508 ASSAY
                  (ASSAY OR ASSAYS)
L5
            43 ASSAY (S) L1
=> "reporter gene" and L5
         32091 "REPORTER"
          1033 "REPORTERS"
         32650 "REPORTER"
                  ("REPORTER" OR "REPORTERS")
        766236 "GENE"
        288868 "GENES"
        810746 "GENE"
                  ("GENE" OR "GENES")
         19805 "REPORTER GENE"
                  ("REPORTER" (W) "GENE")
1.6
             1 "REPORTER GENE" AND L5
=> luceferase and L5
             2 LUCEFERASE
1.7
             0 LUCEFERASE AND L5
=> DIS L6 1 IBIB ABS
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```

L6 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2000:87237 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

133:281

TITLE:

Amantadine and rimantadine have no direct inhibitory effects against hepatitis C viral protease, helicase, ATPase, polymerase, and internal ribosomal entry

site-mediated translation

AUTHOR(S):

Jubin, Ronald; Murray, Michael G.; Howe, Anita Y.-M.;

Butkiewicz, Nancy; Hong, Zhi; Lau, Johnson Y.-N.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Antiviral Therapy, Schering-Plough Research

Institute,

Kenilworth, NJ, 07033, USA

SOURCE:

Journal of Infectious Diseases (2000), 181(1),

331-334

CODEN: JIDIAQ; ISSN: 0022-1899 University of Chicago Press

PUBLISHER:
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:

Journal English

AB Amantadine, a drug known to inhibit influenza A viral matrix (M2) protein function, was reported to be an effective treatment in some patients with chronic hepatitis C virus (HCV) infection. Sequence comparison shows no homol. between M2 and any of the HCV proteins. The effects of amantadine and a related analog, rimantadine, on viral protease, helicase, ATPase, RNA-dependent RNA polymerase, and

HCV internal ribosomal entry site (IRES) translation were tested by established in vitro biochem. assays. No inhibition (>15%) of HCV protease, helicase, ATPase, and polymerase was obsd. with concns. up to 400 .mu.g/mL. IRES-specific inhibition was not obsd. at clin.

relevant

concns., but both cap and IRES reporter genes were suppressed at higher levels, suggesting nonspecific translation inhibition. In conclusion, amantadine and rimantadine have no direct and specific inhibitory effects against HCV protease, helicase, ATPase, polymerase, and IRES in vitro.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

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LOGOFF? (Y)/N/HOLD:y
STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 11:37:19 ON 11 APR 2003

· 16

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FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 13:01:50 ON 11 APR 2003
COPYRIGHT (C) 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC. (R)
=> "RNA dependent RNA polyperase"
             O "RNA DEPENDENT RNA POLYPERASE"
=> "RNA dependent RNA polymerase"
          3021 "RNA DEPENDENT RNA POLYMERASE"
=> "reporter gene assay"
         1926 "REPORTER GENE ASSAY"
=> L1 (1) L2
             0 L1 (L) L2
=> L1 and L2
             0 L1 AND L2
=> L2 and L3
             1 L2 AND L3
L6
=> L2 (1) L3
            0 L2 (L) L3
=> "hygromycin resistance"
       852 "HYGROMYCIN RESISTANCE"
=> L2 and L8
            3 L2 AND L8
L9
=> "puromycin resistance"
          185 "PUROMYCIN RESISTANCE"
=> L2 and L10
           1 L2 AND L10
=> "zeocin resistance"
          84 "ZEOCIN RESISTANCE"
=> L2 and L12
            1 L2 AND L12
=> Genticin and L2
            0 GENTICIN AND L2
=> "thymidine kinase" and L2
           4 "THYMIDINE KINASE" AND L2
=> "beta galactosidase" and L2
           11 "BETA GALACTOSIDASE" AND L2
=> "alkalin phosphatase" and L2
L17
            0 "ALKALIN PHOSPHATASE" AND L2
=> D L6 L9 L11 L13 L15 L17 IBIB TI SO AU ABS all
L9 IS NOT VALID HERE
For an explanation, enter "HELP DISPLAY".
=> "help display"
            4 "HELP DISPLAY"
L18
```

=> D L6 IBIB TI SO AU ABS

L15 ANSWER 4 OF 4 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2003 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:546284 BIOSIS DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV199699268640

TITLE: The assay of viral enzymes.

AUTHOR(S): McCrae, M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Biological Sciences, Univ. Warwick, Coventry CV4 7AL

บห

SOURCE: Mahy, B. W. J. [Editor]; Kangro, H. O. [Editor]. (1996)

pp.

277-289. Virology methods manual.

Publisher: Academic Press Ltd. 14 Belgrave Square, 24-28

Oval Road, London NW1 70X, England, UK.

ISBN: 0-12-465330-8.

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Book English

TI The assay of viral enzymes.

SO Mahy, B. W. J. [Editor]; Kangro, H. O. [Editor]. (1996) pp. 277-289.

Virology methods manual.

Publisher: Academic Press Ltd. 14 Belgrave Square, 24-28 Oval Road,

London

NW1 70X, England, UK.

ISBN: 0-12-465330-8.

AU McCrae, M.

L16 ANSWER 3 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:875257 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:367694

TITLE:

Antisense reporter plasmid for assaying RNA virus

replication

INVENTOR(S):

Kovelman, Robert; Barbosa, Miguel Signal Pharmaceuticals, Inc., USA

SOURCE:

U.S., 6 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE _ _ _ _ ----------------US 6326480 B1 20011204 US 1999-234277 19990119 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1999-234277 19990119 ΤI Antisense reporter plasmid for assaying RNA virus replication SO U.S., 6 pp.

CODEN: USXXAM

IN Kovelman, Robert; Barbosa, Miguel

Reporter systems for assaying pos. sense RNA virus replication are AB provided. The reporter systems comprise a reporter gene in antisense orientation, flanked by the complements of 5' and 3' viral genome ends, such that exposure to an RNA-dependent RNA

polymerase results in the generation of mRNA encoding an active reporter protein. Such systems may be used, for example, to detect

RNA virus and to monitor RNA virus therapies.

5

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

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